



**BERKELEY
COUNTY SC**

RICH HISTORY.
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**BERKELEY COUNTY
BUILDING AND CODE ENFORCEMENT**

Henry Jackson
Chief Building Official

1/1/2020

Guidelines for Deck and Porch Construction 400sq feet or less



****Any Structure over 400sq. ft. will require Engineered drawings ****

Plan Review Information

Deck Size: L _____ x W _____

Post Size: _____ x _____

For porches with a roof a minimum 6x6 post is required.

Floor Joist Size _____ Length _____

Girder Size _____ Length _____

Rafter size _____ Length _____

Inspections

The following inspections are needed:

Deck

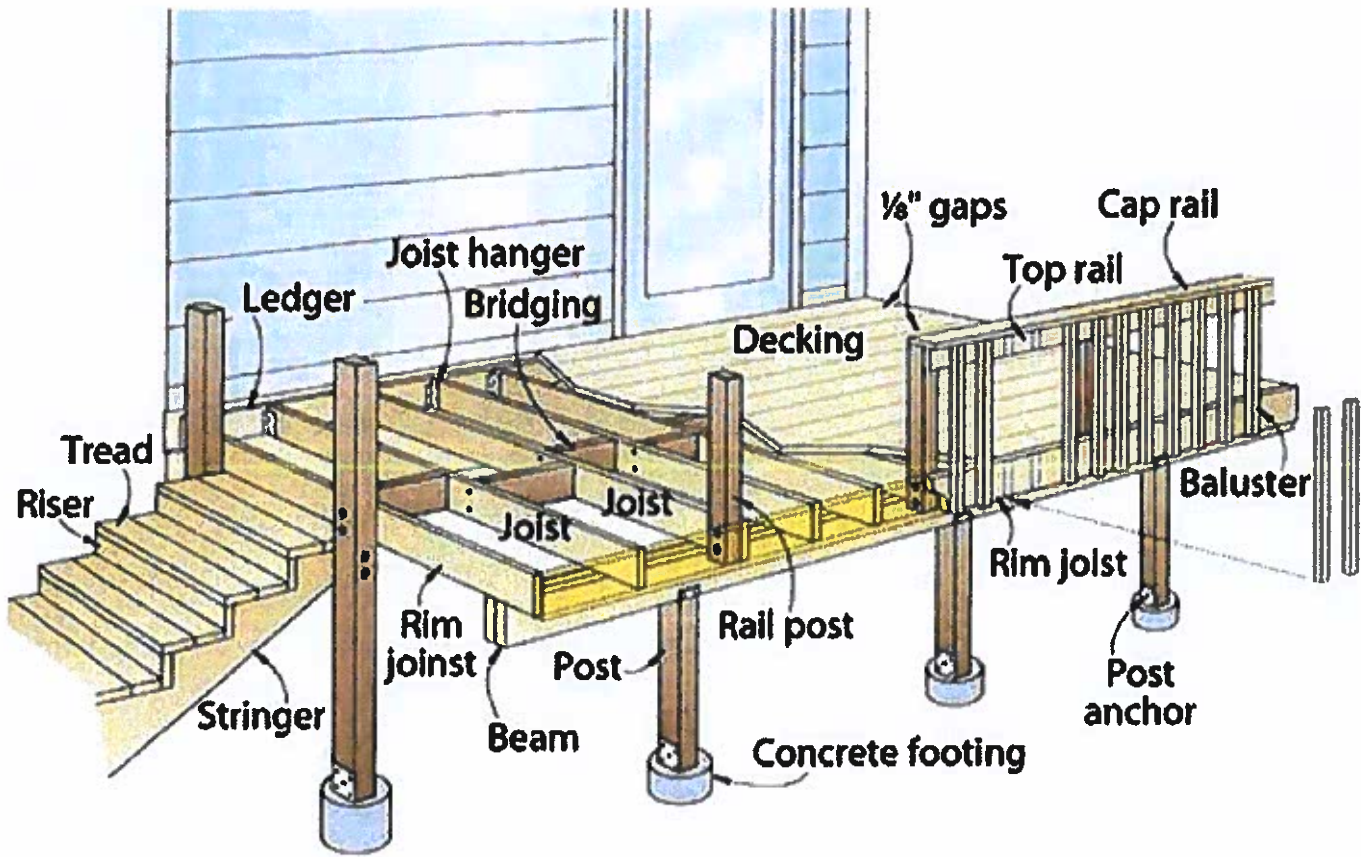
- 1) Post Bore hole inspection
- 2) Setbacks
- 3) Floor Framing
- 4) Final

Porches

- 1) Post Bore hole inspection
- 2) Setbacks
- 3) Floor Framing
- 4) Roof Framing
- 5) Final

***** Any Electrical work must be permitted*****

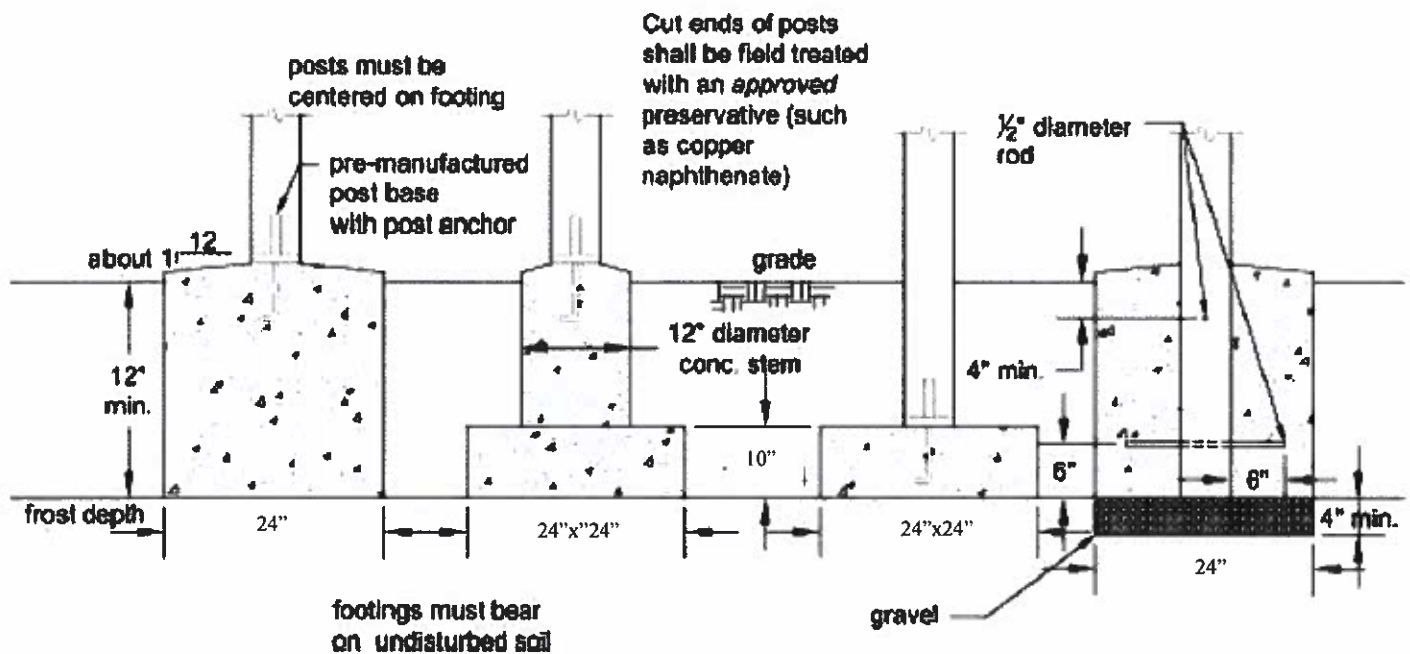
Residential Wood Deck and Porch Construction



Deck Footing

R507.4.1 Deck post to deck footing connection. Where posts bear on concrete footings in accordance with Section R403 and Figure R507.4.1, lateral restraint shall be provided by manufactured connectors or a minimum post embedment of 12 inches (305 mm) in surrounding soils or concrete piers. Other footing systems shall be permitted.

Exception: Where expansive, compressible, shifting or other questionable soils are present, surrounding soils shall not be relied on for lateral support.



Post Sizing

**TABLE R507.4
DECK POST HEIGHT^a**

DECK POST SIZE	MAXIMUM HEIGHT ^{a, b} (feet-inches)
4 × 4	6-9 ^c
4 × 6	8
6 × 6	14
8 × 8	14

Note: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

- Measured to the underside of the beam.
- Based on 40 psf live load.
- The maximum permitted height is 8 feet for one-ply and two-ply beams. The maximum permitted height for three-ply beams on post cap is 6 feet 9 inches.

Deck Beams

R507.5 Deck Beams. Maximum allowable spans for wood deck beams, as shown in Figure R507.5, shall be in accordance with Table R507.5. Beam plies shall be fastened with two rows of 10d (3-inch × 0.128-inch) nails minimum at 16 inches (406 mm) on center along each edge. Beams shall be permitted to cantilever at each end up to one-fourth of the allowable beam span. Deck beams of other materials shall be permitted where designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices.

TABLE R507.5
DECK BEAM SPAN LENGTHS^{a, b, c} (feet - inches)

SPECIES ^d	SIZE ^e	DECK JOIST SPAN LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO: (feet)						
		6	8	10	12	14	16	18
Southern pine	1-2 x 6	4-11	4-0	3-7	3-3	3-0	2-10	2-8
	1-2 x 8	5-11	5-1	4-7	4-2	2-10	3-7	3-5
	1-2 x 10	7-0	6-0	5-5	4-11	4-7	4-3	4-0
	1-2 x 12	8-3	7-1	6-4	5-10	5-5	5-0	4-9
	2-2 x 6	6-11	5-11	5-4	4-10	4-6	4-3	4-0
	2-2 x 8	8-9	7-7	6-9	6-2	5-9	5-4	5-0
	2-2 x 10	10-4	9-0	8-0	7-4	6-9	6-4	6-0
	2-2 x 12	12-2	10-7	9-5	8-7	8-0	7-6	7-0
	3-2 x 6	8-2	7-5	6-8	6-1	5-8	5-3	5-0
	3-2 x 8	10-10	9-6	8-6	7-9	7-2	6-8	6-4
	3-2 x 10	13-0	11-3	10-0	9-2	8-6	7-11	7-6
3-2 x 12	15-3	13-3	11-10	10-9	10-0	9-4	8-10	
Douglas fir-larch ^f , hem-fir ^f , spruce-pine-fir ^f , redwood, western cedars, ponderosa pine ^f , red pine ^f	3 x 6 or 2-2 x 6	5-5	4-8	4-2	3-10	3-6	3-1	2-9
	3 x 8 or 2-2 x 8	6-10	5-11	5-4	4-10	4-6	4-1	3-8
	3 x 10 or 2-2 x 10	8-4	7-3	6-6	5-11	5-6	5-1	4-8
	3 x 12 or 2-2 x 12	9-8	8-5	7-6	6-10	6-4	5-11	5-7
	4 x 6	6-5	5-6	4-11	4-6	4-2	3-11	3-8
	4 x 8	8-5	7-3	6-6	5-11	5-6	5-2	4-10
	4 x 10	9-11	8-7	7-8	7-0	6-6	6-1	5-8
	4 x 12	11-5	9-11	8-10	8-1	7-6	7-0	6-7
	3-2 x 6	7-4	6-8	6-0	5-6	5-1	4-9	4-6
	3-2 x 8	9-8	8-6	7-7	6-11	6-5	6-0	5-8
	3-2 x 10	12-0	10-5	9-4	8-6	7-10	7-4	6-11
	3-2 x 12	13-11	12-1	10-9	9-10	9-1	8-6	8-1

^l or SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 pound = 0.454 kg.

a. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, $I/A = 360$ at main span, $I/A = 180$ at cantilever with a 220-pound point load applied at the end.

b. Beams supporting deck joists from one side only.

c. No. 2 grade, wet service factor.

d. Beam depth shall be greater than or equal to depth of joists with a flush beam condition.

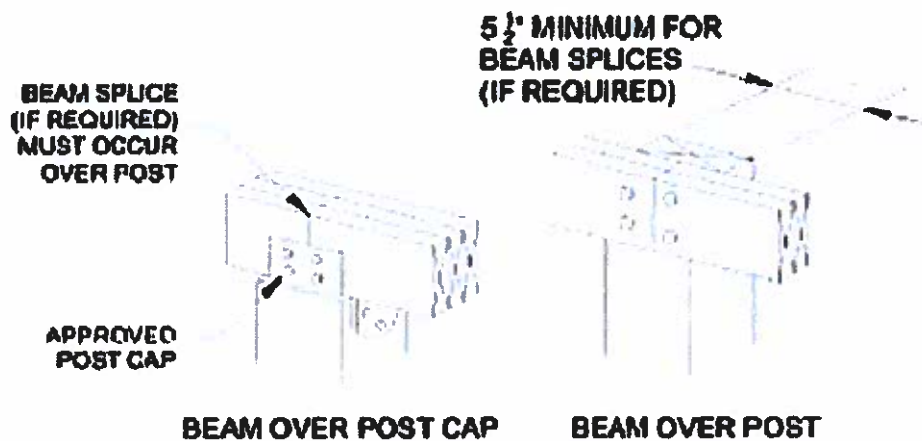
e. Includes incising factor.

f. Northern species. Incising factor not included.

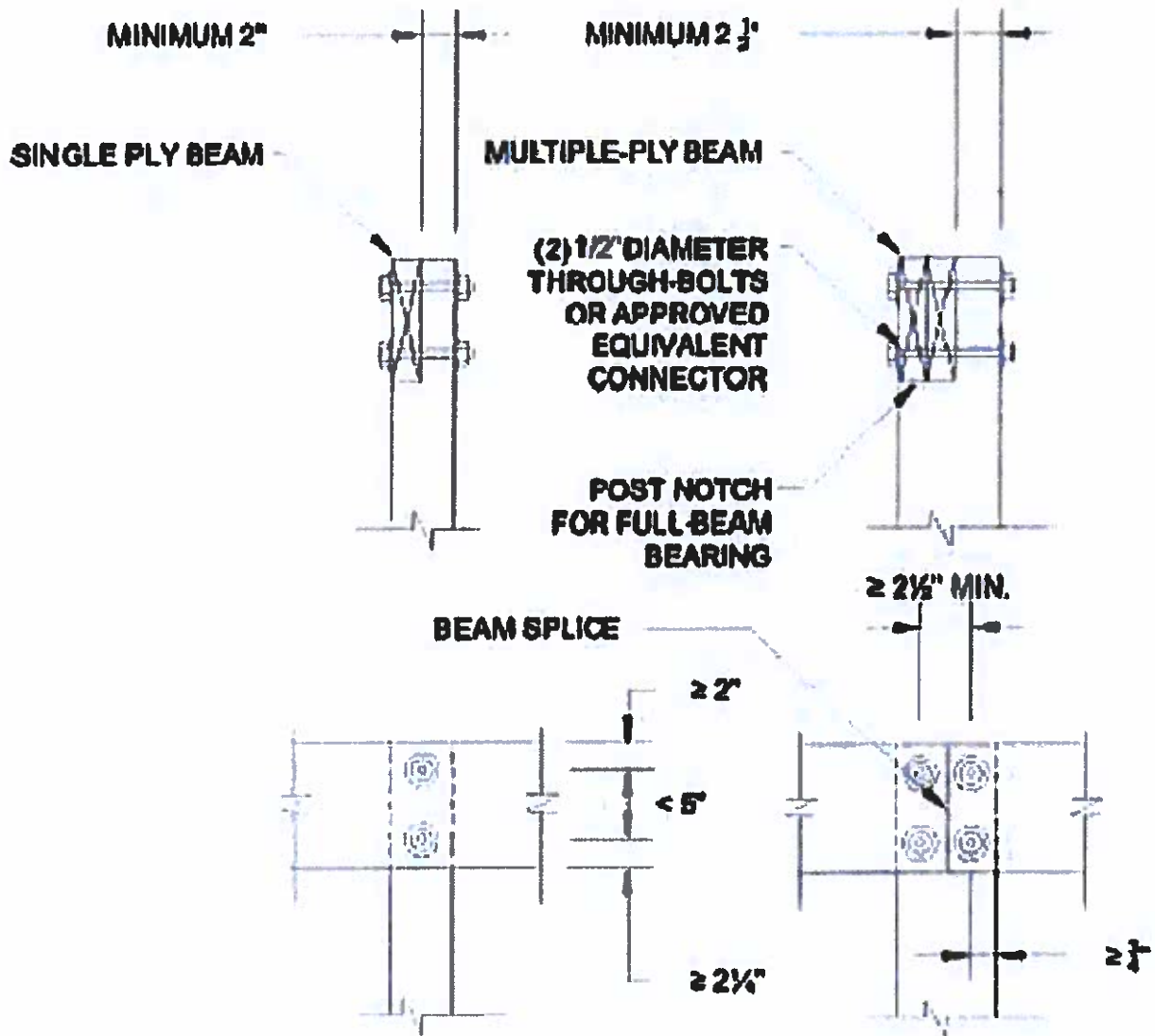
g. Beam cantilevers are limited to the adjacent beam's span divided by 4.

Deck Beam to Post Attachment

R507.5.2 Deck beam connection to supports. Deck beams shall be attached to supports in a manner capable of transferring vertical loads and resisting horizontal displacement. Deck beam connections to wood posts shall be in accordance with Figures R507.5.1(1) and R507.5.1(2). Manufactured post-to-beam connectors shall be sized for the post and beam sizes. Bolts shall have washers under the head and nut.



**FIGURE R507.5.1(1)
DECK BEAM TO DECK POST**

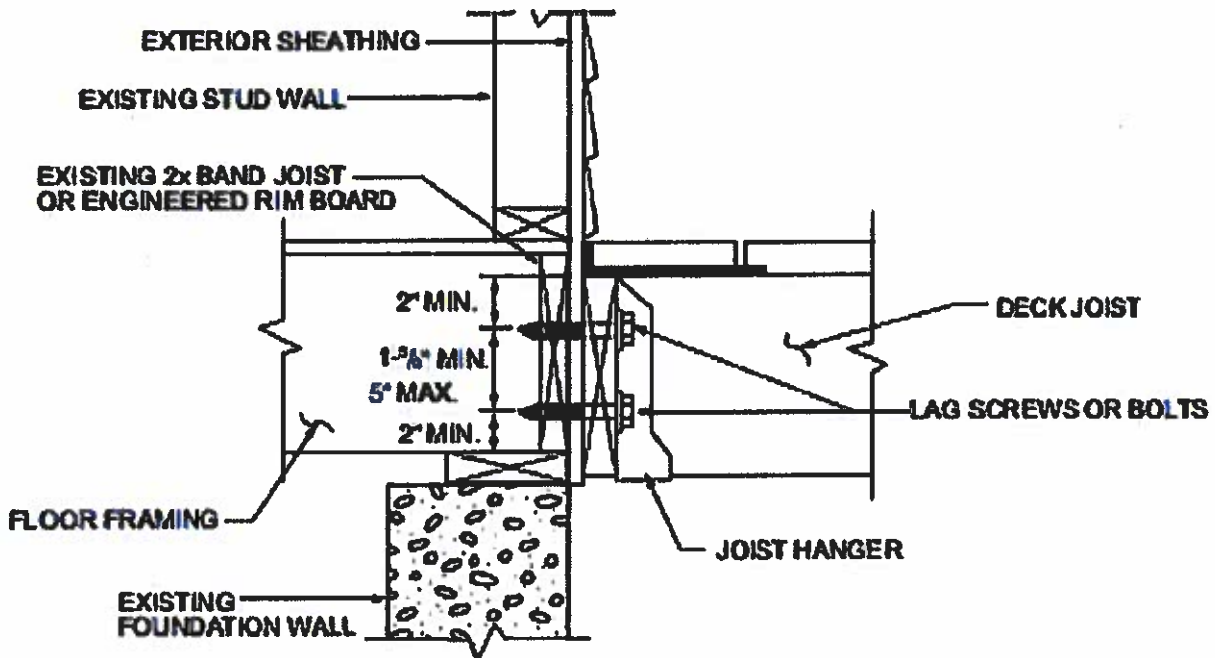
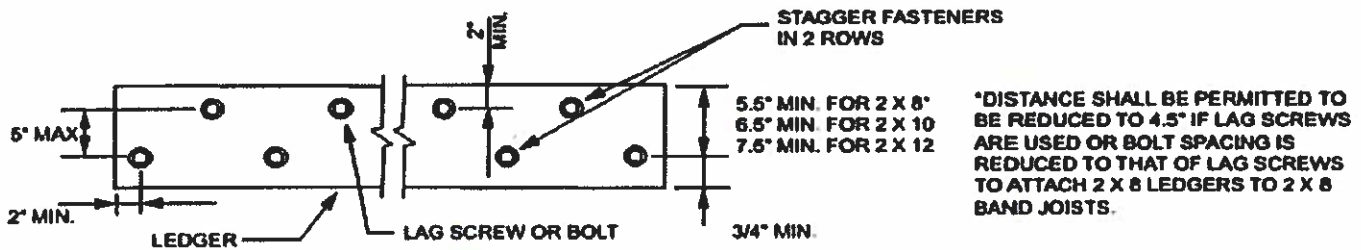


1 mm

FIGURE R507.5.1(2)
NOTCHED POST-TO-BEAM CONNECTION

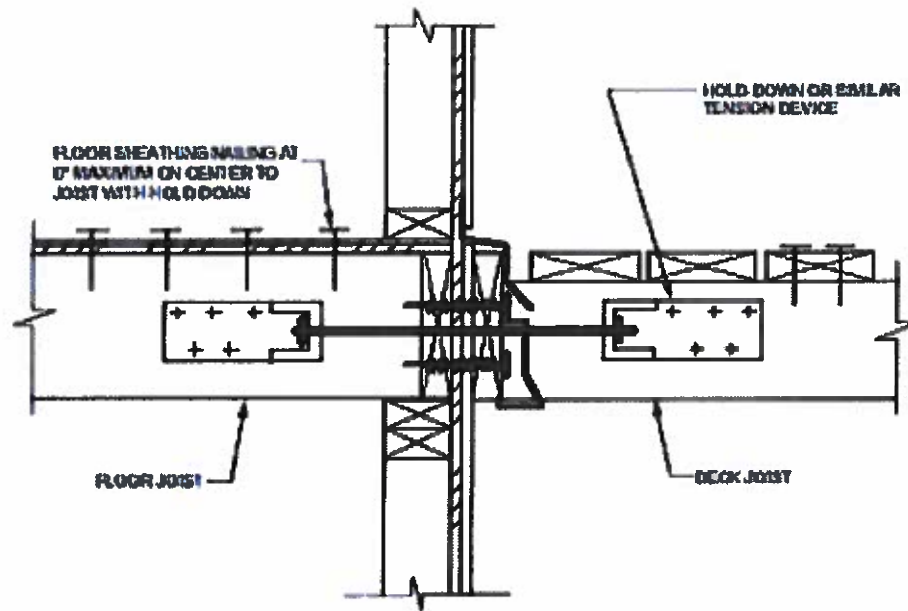
Ledger details

R507.9.1.1 Ledger details. Deck ledgers shall be a minimum 2-inch by 8-inch (51 mm by 203 mm) nominal, pressure-preservative-treated Southern pine, incised pressure-preservative-treated hem-fir, or approved, naturally durable, No. 2 grade or better lumber. Deck ledgers shall not support concentrated loads from beams or girders. Deck ledgers shall not be supported on stone or masonry veneer.



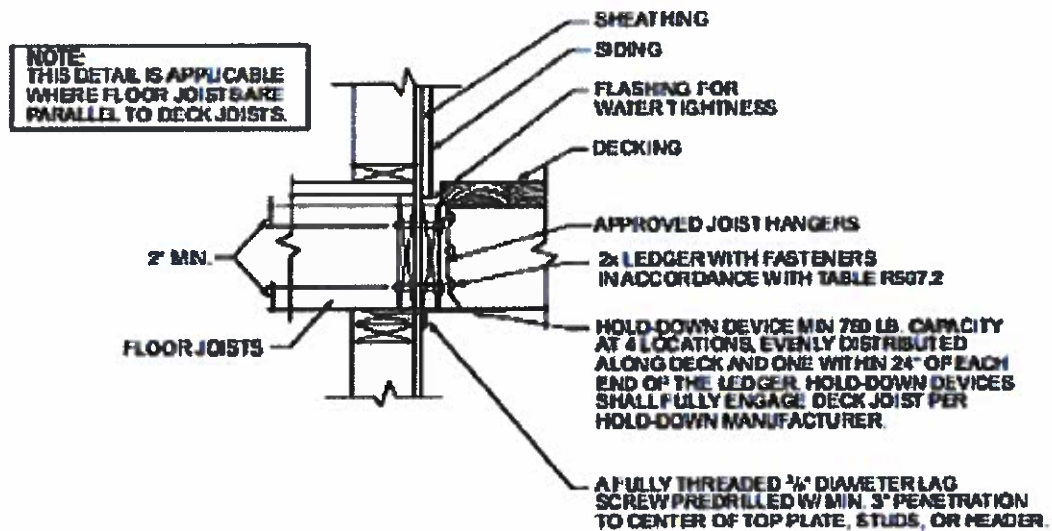
1cb = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE R507.9.1.3(2)
PLACEMENT OF LAG SCREWS AND BOLTS IN BAND JOISTS



- 25.4 mm.

**FIGURE R507.2(1)
DECK ATTACHMENT FOR LATERAL LOADS**



5/1: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

**FIGURE R507.2(2)
DECK ATTACHMENT FOR LATERAL LOADS**

Deck Joists Spans and Maximum Spacing

TABLE R507.6
DECK JOIST SPANS FOR COMMON LUMBER SPECIES (ft. - in.)

SPECIES ^a	SIZE	ALLOWABLE JOIST SPAN ^b			MAXIMUM CANTILEVER ^{c,1}		
		SPACING OF DECK JOISTS (inches)			SPACING OF DECK JOISTS WITH CANTILEVERS ^c (inches)		
		12	16	24	12	16	24
Southern pine	2 x 6	9-11	9-0	7-7	1-3	1-4	1-6
	2 x 8	13-1	11-10	9-8	2-1	2-3	2-5
	2 x 10	16-2	14-0	11-5	3-4	3-6	2-10
	2 x 12	18-0	16-6	13-6	4-6	4-2	3-4
Douglas fir-larch ^d , hem-fir ^d , spruce-pine-fir ^d	2 x 6	9-6	8-8	7-2	1-2	1-3	1-5
	2 x 8	12-6	11-1	9-1	1-11	2-1	2-3
	2 x 10	15-8	13-7	11-1	3-1	3-5	2-9
	2 x 12	18-0	15-9	12-10	4-6	3-11	3-3
Redwood, western cedars, ponderosa pine ^e , red pine ^e	2 x 6	8-10	8-0	7-0	1-0	1-1	1-2
	2 x 8	11-8	10-7	8-8	1-8	1-10	2-0
	2 x 10	14-11	13-0	10-7	2-8	2-10	2-8
	2 x 12	17-5	15-1	12-4	3-10	3-9	3-1

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 pound = 0.454 kg.

a. No. 2 grade with wet service factor.

b. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, $L/\Delta = 360$.

c. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, $L/\Delta = 360$ at main span, $L/\Delta = 180$ at cantilever with a 220-pound point load applied to end.

d. Includes decking factor.

e. Northern species with no incising factor.

f. Cantilevered spans not exceeding the nominal depth of the joist are permitted.

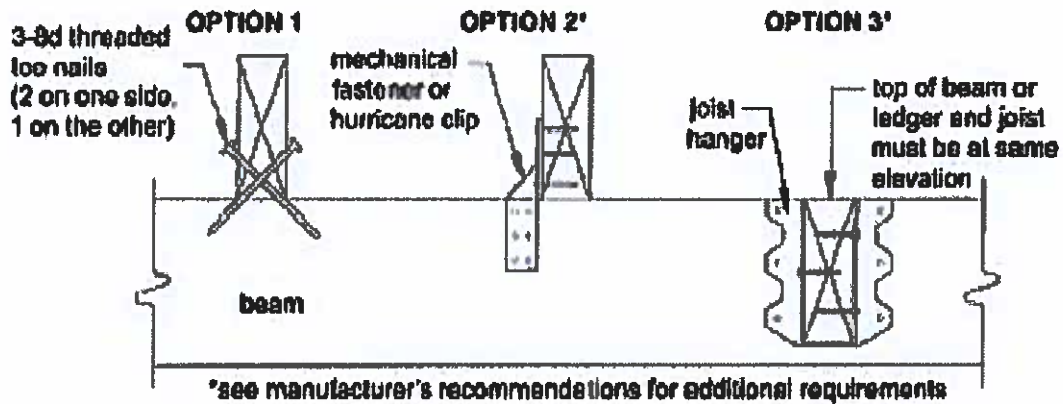
TABLE R507.7
MAXIMUM JOIST SPACING FOR DECKING

DECKING MATERIAL TYPE AND NOMINAL SIZE	MAXIMUM ON-CENTER JOIST SPACING	
	Decking perpendicular to joist	Decking diagonal to joist ^a
1 1/4-inch-thick wood	16 inches	12 inches
2-inch-thick wood	24 inches	16 inches
Plastic composite	In accordance with Section R507.2	In accordance with Section R507.2

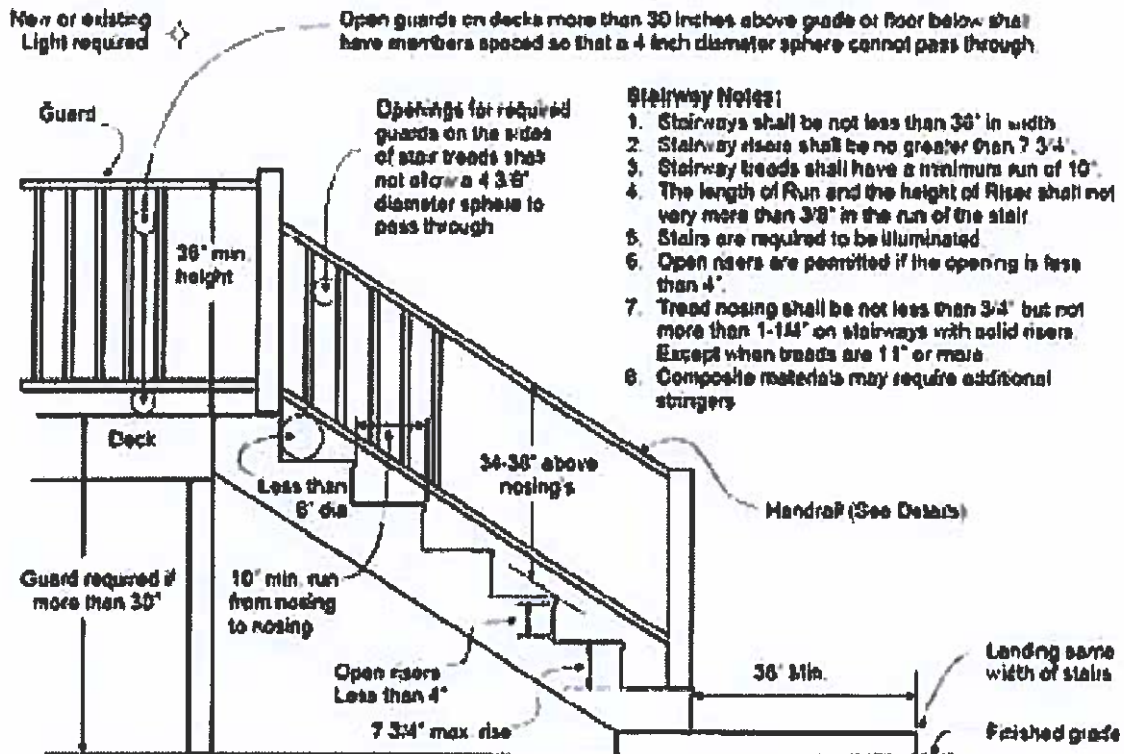
For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 degree = 0.01745 rad.

a. Maximum angle of 45 degrees from perpendicular for wood deck boards.

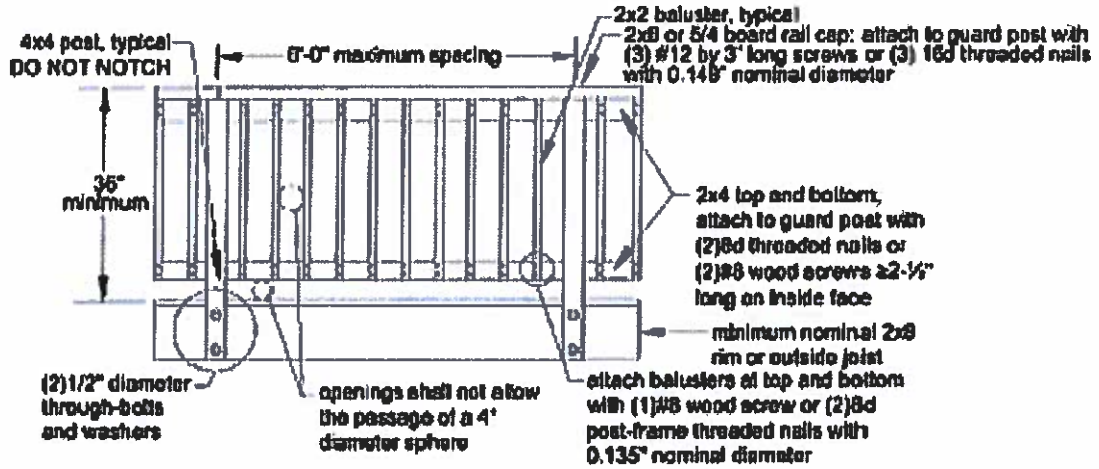
Joist-to-Beam Detail



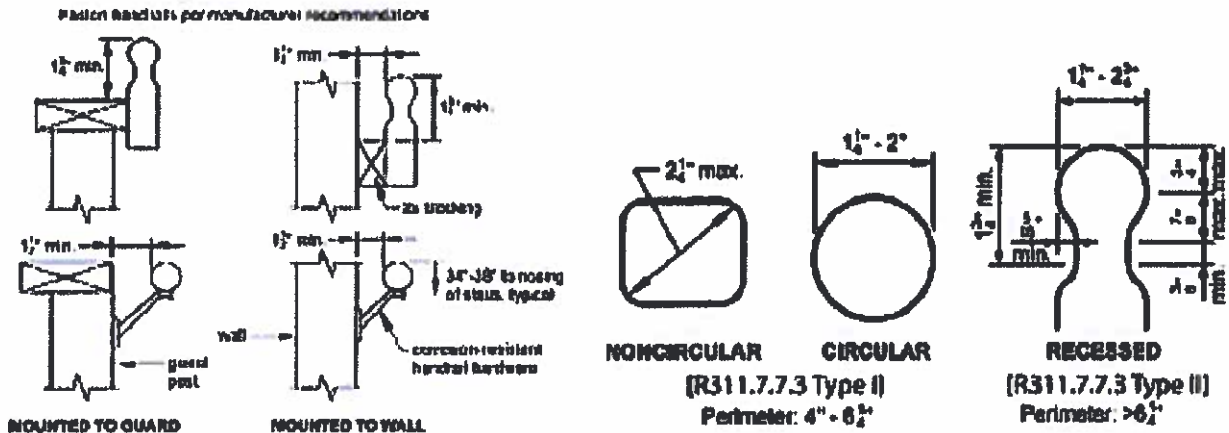
Stair



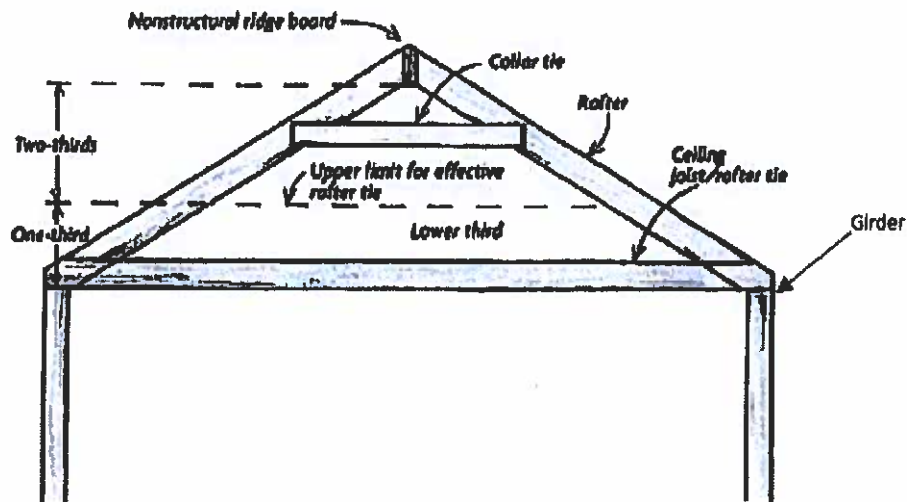
Guard



Handrail Detail



Roof framing for porches



Girder Spans for Open Porches

TABLE RC02.7(3)
GIRDER AND HEADER SPANS^a FOR OPEN PORCHES
 (Maximum span for Douglas fir-larch, hem-fir, Southern pine and spruce-pine-fi^b)

SIZE	SUPPORTING ROOF						SUPPORTING FLOOR	
	GROUND SNOW LOAD (psf)							
	20		50		70			
	DEPTH OF PORCH ^c (feet)							
	8	14	8	14	8	14		
2-2 x 6	7-6	5-8	6-2	4-8	5-4	4-0	6-4	4-9
2-2 x 8	10-1	7-7	8-3	6-2	7-1	5-4	8-5	6-4
2-2 x 10	12-4	9-4	10-1	7-7	8-9	6-7	10-4	7-9
2-2 x 12	14-4	10-10	11-8	8-10	10-1	7-8	11-11	9-0

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

a. Spans are given in feet and inches.

b. Tabulated values assume No. 2 grade lumber, wet service and incising for refractory species. Use 30 psf ground snow load for cases in which ground snow load is less than 30 psf and the roof live load is equal to or less than 20 psf.

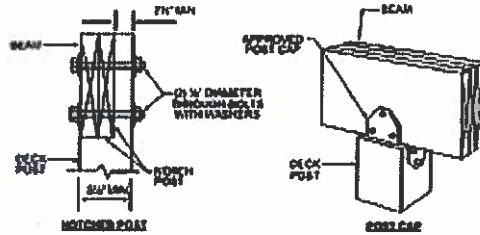
c. Porch depth is measured horizontally from building face to centerline of the header. For depths between those shown, spans are permitted to be interpolated.

Post to Girder

R807.7.1 Deck post to deck beam.

Deck beams shall be attached to deck posts in accordance with Figure R507.7.1 or by other equivalent means capable to resist lateral displacement. Manufactured post-to-beam connectors shall be sized for the post and beam sizes. All bolts shall have washers under the head and nut.

Exception: Where deck beams bear directly on footings in accordance with Section R807.8.1.



Rafter Spans Table R802.5.1(1)

Rafter Spacing (inches)	Species and Grade	Dead Load = 10 psf					Dead Load = 20 psf				
		2x4	2x6	2x8	2x10	2x12	2x4	2x6	2x8	2x10	2x12
		Maximum rafter spans									
		feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches	feet-inches
12	Southern Pine #2	9-3	13-11	17-7	20-11	+26	9-0	13-6	17-1	20-3	23-10
16		8-0	12-0	15-3	18-1	23-10	7-9	11-8	14-9	17-6	20-8
19.2		7-4	11-0	13-11	16-6	21-9	7-1	10-8	13-6	16-0	18-10
24		6-7	9-10	12-6	14-9	19-6	6-4	9-6	12-1	14-4	16-10

Ridge board or beam

R802.3 Ridge. A ridge board used to connect opposing rafters shall be not less than 1 inch (25 mm) nominal thickness and not less in depth than the cut end of the rafter. Where ceiling joist or rafter ties do not provide continuous ties across the structure, a ridge beam shall be provided and supported on each end by a wall or girder.

R802.4 Rafters. Rafters shall be in accordance with this section.

R802.4.1 Rafter size. Rafters shall be sized based on the rafter spans in Tables R802.4.1(1) through R802.4.1(8). Rafter spans shall be measured along the horizontal projection of the rafter. For other grades and species and for other loading conditions, refer to the AWC STJR.

R802.4.2 Framing details. Rafters shall be framed not more than 1½ inches (38 mm) offset from each other to a ridge board or directly opposite from each other with a collar tie, gusset plate or ridge strap in accordance with Table R602.3(1). Rafters shall be nailed to the top wall plates in accordance with Table R602.3(1) unless the roof assembly is required to comply with the uplift requirements of Section R802.11.

Rafter Connections

R802.5.2 Ceiling joist and rafter connections. Where ceiling joists run parallel to rafters, they shall be connected to rafters at the top wall plate in accordance with Table R802.5.2. Where ceiling joists are not connected to the rafters at the top wall plate, they shall be installed in the bottom third of the rafter height in accordance with Figure R802.4.5 and Table R802.5.2. Where the ceiling joists are installed above the bottom third of the rafter height, the ridge shall be designed as a beam. Where ceiling joists do not run parallel to rafters, the ceiling joists shall be connected to top plates in accordance with Table R602.3(1). Each rafter shall be tied across the structure with a rafter tie or a 2-inch by 4-inch (51 mm × 102 mm) kicker connected to the ceiling diaphragm with nails equivalent in capacity to Table R802.5.2.

Table R802.5..2

TABLE R802.5.2
 RAFTER/CEILING JOIST HEEL JOINT CONNECTIONS^{a,c,d,e,f}

RAFTER SLOPE	RAFTER SPACING (inches)	GROUND SNOW LOAD (psf)															
		20				30				50				70			
		Roof span (feet)															
		12	20	28	36	12	20	28	36	12	20	28	36	12	20	28	36
Required number of 16d common nails ^b per heel joint splice ^{c,d,e}																	
3:12	12	4	6	8	10	4	6	8	11	5	8	12	15	6	11	15	20
	16	5	8	10	13	5	8	11	14	6	11	15	20	8	14	20	26
	24	7	11	15	19	7	11	16	21	9	16	23	30	12	21	30	39
4:12	12	3	5	6	8	3	5	6	8	4	6	9	11	5	8	12	15
	16	4	6	8	10	4	6	8	11	5	8	12	15	6	11	15	20
	24	5	8	12	15	5	9	12	16	7	12	17	22	9	16	23	29
5:12	12	3	4	5	6	3	4	5	7	3	5	7	9	4	7	9	12
	16	3	5	6	8	3	5	7	9	4	7	9	12	5	9	12	16
	24	4	7	9	12	4	7	10	13	6	10	14	18	7	13	18	23
7:12	12	3	4	4	5	3	3	4	5	3	4	5	7	3	5	7	9
	16	3	4	5	6	3	4	5	6	3	5	7	9	4	6	9	11
	24	3	5	7	9	3	5	7	9	4	7	10	13	5	9	13	17
9:12	12	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	4	3	3	4	5	3	4	5	7
	16	3	4	4	5	3	3	4	5	3	4	5	7	3	5	7	9
	24	3	4	6	7	3	4	6	7	3	6	8	10	4	7	10	13
12:12	12	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	4	5
	16	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	4	3	3	4	5	3	4	5	7
	24	3	4	4	5	3	3	4	6	3	4	6	8	3	6	8	10

For 5d: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 knee = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

- a. 40d box nails shall be permitted to be substituted for 16d common nails.
- b. Nailing requirements shall be permitted to be reduced 25 percent if nails are clinched.
- c. Heel joint connections are not required where the ridge is supported by a load-bearing wall, header or ridge beam.
- d. Where intermediate support of the rafter is provided by vertical studs or purlins to a load-bearing wall, the tabulated heel joint connection requirements shall be permitted to be reduced proportionally to the reduction in span.
- e. Equivalent nailing patterns are required for ceiling joist to ceiling joist lap splices.
- f. Applies to roof live load of 20 psf or less.
- g. Tabulated heel joint connection requirements assume that ceiling joists or rafter ties are located at the bottom of the attic space. Where ceiling joists or rafter ties are located higher in the attic, heel joint connection requirements shall be increased by the following factors:

Plan/Plat Review Committee (PRC) 2019 Q1 thru Q1 Report

File Number	Name Subdivision & Combination TMS: 180-00- 03-024	Number of Lots	Avg. Lot Size	Neighborhood	Zoning	Development Type	Energov Case Number	TMS#	Sub. Date	Action Date	Action Taken at Committee	Preliminary Approval Granted	Final Approval Granted	Comments
PLFS-026669-2018				Out			PLFS-026669-2018		11/14/2018	1/8/2019				
PLPR-026644-2018	Wildcat PD-MU - Cane Ridge Phase 1			Wildcat	PDMU		PLPR-026644-2018		11/14/2018	1/8/2019				
PLPR-026653-2018	Wildcat - The Hammocks Phase 4			Wildcat	PDMU		PLPR-026653-2018		11/14/2018	1/8/2019				
PLFP-027043-2018	Hunters Bend - Phase 8B			Hunters Bend			PLFP-027043-2018		12/12/2018	1/8/2019				
PLPR-027035-2018	Bridges at Seven Lakes Phase 4			Out			PLPR-027035-2018		12/12/2018	1/8/2019				
PLPR-027039-2018	Bridges at Seven Lakes Phase 3			Out			PLPR-027039-2018		12/12/2018	1/8/2019				
PLFP-027239-2019	Parker Drive Subdivision			Out			PLFP-027239-2019		1/8/2019	2/13/2019				
PLFP-027251-2019	Meridian Phase 2 at Cane Bay Plantation			Cane Bay	PDMU		PLFP-027251-2019		1/8/2019	2/13/2019				
PLFP-027253-2019	West Lakes - Phase 2			Cane Bay	PDMU		PLFP-027253-2019		1/8/2019	2/13/2019				
PLFP-027254-2019	Bridges at Seven Lakes - Phase 2			Out	PDMU		PLFP-027254-2019		1/8/2019	2/13/2019				
PLFP-027361-2019	Patterson Acres			Out	Flex-1		PLFP-027361-2019		1/8/2019	2/13/2019				
PLPR-027258-2019	SUP River Reach			Out	R-1MM		PLPR-027258-2019		1/10/2019	2/13/2019				